



## Overview of Contaminated sites in Canada

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#### Categories of Contaminated Sites

- <u>Industrial sites</u>: owned and operated by private companies, mining, petroleum, metal transformation, manufacturing, etc.
- Government sites: owned and operated by government departments,
   e.g. DND, Transports.
- <u>Federal sites</u>: former sites for different use (military, mining, radar, etc.) returned to the government as a legacy of the past
- Orphan sites: different kinds of operations returned to the government (municipal, provincial, federal) (no tax payment, bankrupcy,etc.)
- <u>Brownfields</u>: all of the above, <u>located in a municipality</u>, infrastructures and services, contaminated or suspected to be contaminated.

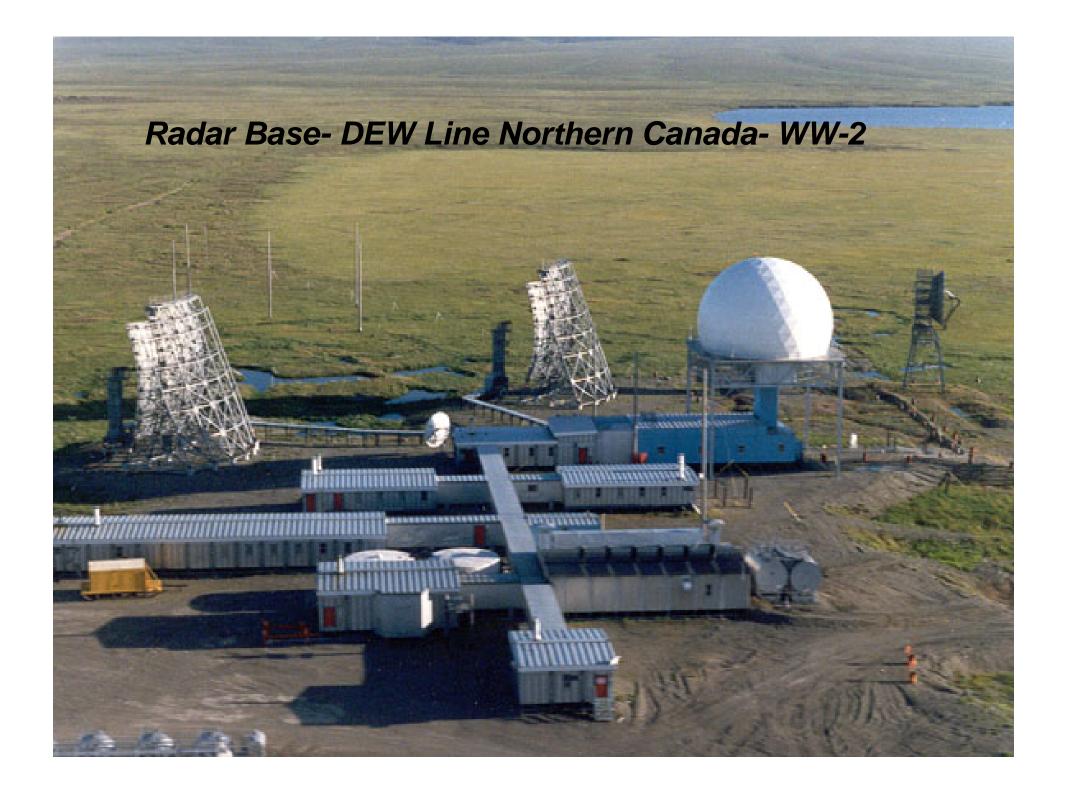






#### Abandoned Mines in the North Canada

- Very complex and costly contaminated sites
- The federal government inherited these sites from the private sector
- Hundreds of thousands of tons of highly toxic chemicals are found at abandoned mine sites
- Some sites represent a serious threat to human health and the environment
- In many cases, perpetual care will likely be required
- estimated that long-term solutions will cost Canadian taxpayers at least \$555M









### Sydney Tar Ponds One of Canada's largest & most contaminated sites

- Not considered a federal site
- 25,000 people in a 4 sq km area
- 700,000 tonnes of contaminated sediments
- PCBs, PAHs, raw sewage, heavy metals
- Football field 60 storeys high
- clean up costs \$ 500 M estimated
- public not supportive of HHRA





#### **Industrial Sites**







#### Brownfields in Canada

- 30,000 50,000 in Canadian cities
- financial issues:
  - existing programs, Revi-sol in Quebec, municipal tax incentives in Ontario
    - major tax return to municipalities
    - no federal program but FCM supports projects
  - high economic impact: \$3,8 for each \$ spent on brownfield restoration





#### Major Issues with Contaminated Sites

- Legal
  - Liability and long term responsibility
- Costs of remediation
- Risk assessment acceptance by all stakeholders
  - Part of the regulatory process
  - Financial institutions not all supportive
- Technological and sustainability issues
  - Digging and landfilling is still a large part of remediation solution





#### **Complex Groundwater Contamination**

- Chlorinated solvants, phenols, HC
  - major cases, 20-30 years old, no solution yet!
  - public and abandonned industrial sites
  - large plumes, several sq. kilometers
  - complex hydrogeological systems, fractured bedrock, DNAPL's and LNAPL's.
  - drinking water sources, domestic and institution impacted
  - impacts on natural environment, rivers
  - solutions: building water distribution systems, mitigation, control and treatment
  - multi-Millions \$ solutions to recover GW use





#### Soil contamination

- Heavy metals
  - mining sites
  - brownfields sites
    - historic fill materials (Pb, Zn, Cd, As)
    - bound to mattrix or new mineral complex
    - bioavailability
    - standard digestion methods vs leaching
- Hydrocarbons
  - long chain hydrocarbons
  - PAH's, PCP's





#### **Communication and Education**

Information to the public and to stakeholders (developers, bankers, decision makers in public organizations)





#### **Solutions**

# Financial support, technology development, remediation program



## The Legacy of Federal Contaminated Sites in Canada

"2004 Budget announcement \$3,5 Billions over the next 10 years to clean federal sites"

23 March 2004





#### Financial Assistance for Site Remediation

- Revi-Sols, province of Québec, grants for remediation of brownfields
- Tax reduction for site redevelopment
- Sustainable Development Technology Canada, assistance for technology development
- MCEBR, technology development & demonstration, assistance to developers
- Federation of Canadian Municipalities



## C'excellence de Montréal Centre of Excellence in Brownfields Rehabilitation Network (CBN)

- The Canadian Urban Institute (www.canurb.com) and aboutREMEDIATION launched the CBN in response to NRTEE recommendation for a national brownfields network
- CBN Principles:
  - Coordinate national interests and strengthen the Canadian brownfields redevelopment industry
  - Facilitate linkages, builds capacity, and coordinate the exchange of ideas, expertise and stories
  - Annual conference on Brownfields in Canada; Brownie Awards for best projects, priority to sustainable development





#### Strategic Alliances

#### Network – members and strategic alliances with existing organizations



























Ontario Planners: Vision - Leadership - Great Communities





#### MCEBR -Promotion of Sustainable Solutions



- Exhibit in the hall of the MCEBR
- Presence at major conferences and technical and commercial expositions
- Exposure to end-users
- Support the promotion et la commercialization of technologies and remediation soulutions
  - In collaboration with Réseau Environnement